Objective

Set of guidelines that address many aspects of new projects.

Recommendations are applicable in most use cases.

Living document with ongoing revisions with the goal to provide a comprehensive, best practices guide as the platform continues to mature and as experts continue to use it.



This Session is:

...about options and choices

...it is:

- NOT a 100-level introduction to Power BI
- NOT a technical "how-to" deep dive but we will discuss some technical topics
- Guidelines for experienced
 Business Intelligence & Power BI practitioners
- Good knowledge for lessexperienced Power BI developers



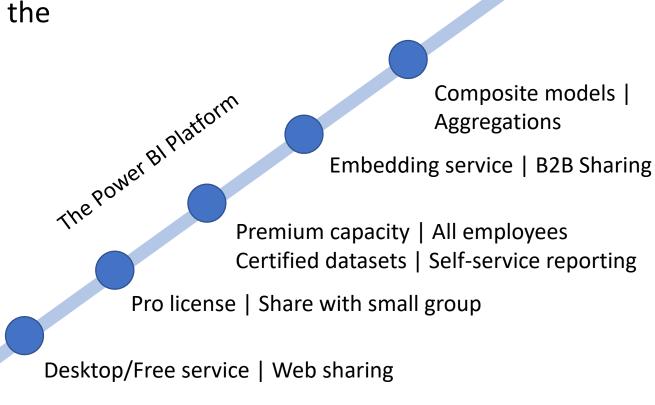




Solution Architecture

All Business Intelligence projects involve the same essential components including:

- Source Queries
- Data transformation steps
- Semantic data model
- Calculations (typically measures)
- Data visualizations



Checklist: Identify Your Audience

Categorize the solution by identifying the author & user roles related to the project

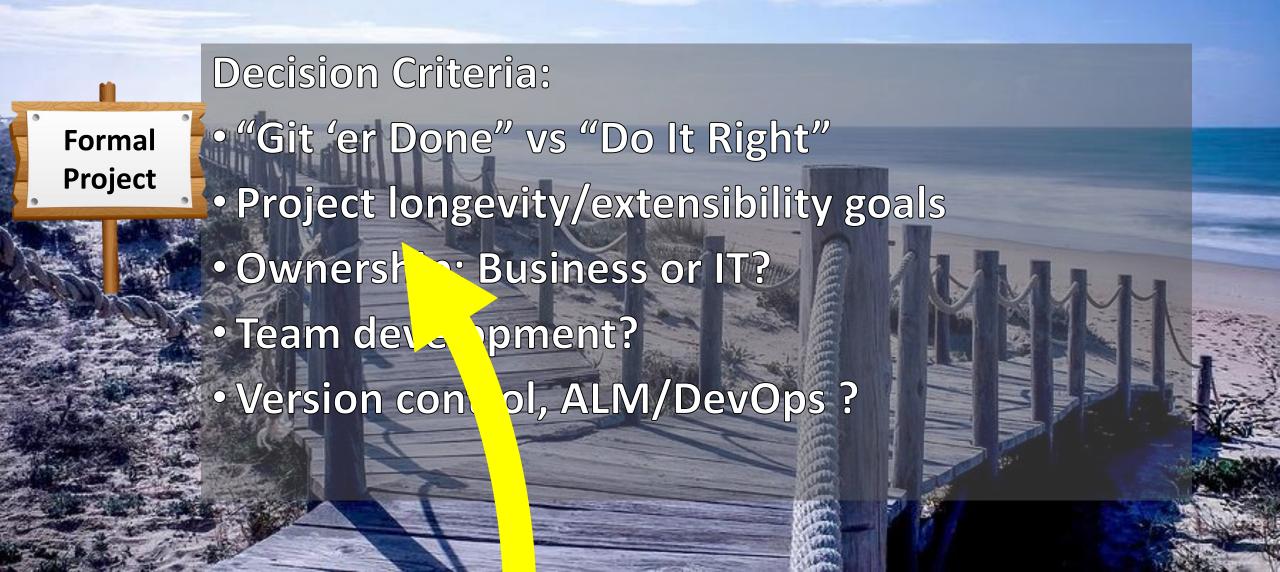
Author role: Business Data Analyst Author role: Skilled Data Modeler, Analyst, Data Scientist Author role: IT BI Developer

User roles:

Users' role: Report/Dashboard
 Consumer
 Users' role: Self-service Report
 Author
 Users' role: Advanced Data Analyst



Formal vs Informal Project



Checklist: Solution Type for the project

lde	ntify the Project Type & related Solution Architecture:
	Formal projects are scoped, funded, staffed and executed with the collaboration of a business champion and stakeholders; and IT Business Intelligence developers and data managers. These projects promote business and IT-governed datasets and certified reports.
	Informal projects are executed by business users and are considered ad hoc in nature. Datasets are generally not IT governed, and reports are typically not certified.
	Hybrid projects can be anything in-between. They might be a user-authored report using published, certifie dataset used for self-service reporting. Informal, self-service datasets can be migrated to governed datasets in collaborative IT/business projects.



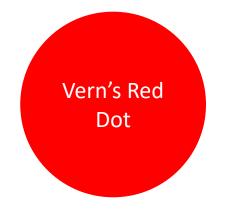
Decision Criteria:

- Simplicity vs Separation of development
- Self-service reporting vs self-service data modeling
- Certified datasets?
- Certified reports?



Checklist: Dataset & Report Architecture

Choose dataset architecture: Single PBIX file For small group, departmental project authored by one developer for a limited group of users **Separate dataset and report PBIX** Design & deploy a separate dataset PBIX file – from report file(s) – when the dataset should be branded as a Certified dataset. For formal projects with more than one dataset & report developer, to coordinate work SSAS/AAS as a data modeling option when those databases exist or where IT operations insist on managing development and maintenance through integrated source control (e.g. Visual Studio Team Services & Azure DevOps)

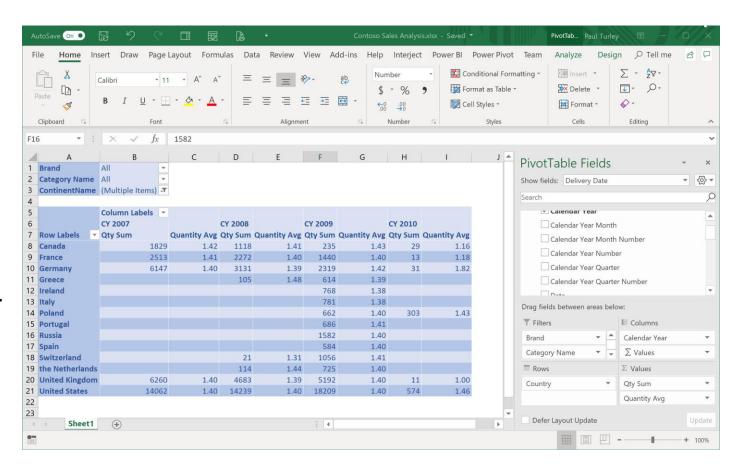


Operational & Paginated Reports

- Power BI is not a replacement for paginated, operational reporting
- For static, multi-page, printable reports; use SQL Server Reporting Services (SSRS) aka "Paginated Reports" instead of Power BI
- Paginated Reports/SSRS is integrated into the Power BI service with Premium capacity licensing and can be integrated with interactive Power BI reports and Power BI data datasets
- To a limited degree, some operational reports can be reproduced using Power BI reports and SSRS can be used, some a limited degree, to create interactive reports

If Users Need Excel, Give them Excel

- Teach analyst users how to use Excel with Power BI
- Don't "export", ..."connect"
- "Analyze In Excel" allows Excel to connect, live, to a published Power BI dataset
- Now available to Power BI Pro & Free Premium licensed users
- Now available to "free" licensed users in a Premium



Checklist: Report Types

Dashboard & Scorecard style reporting

- Infographics
- KPIs & scorecards
- Segmented comparisons
- | Time-series trends

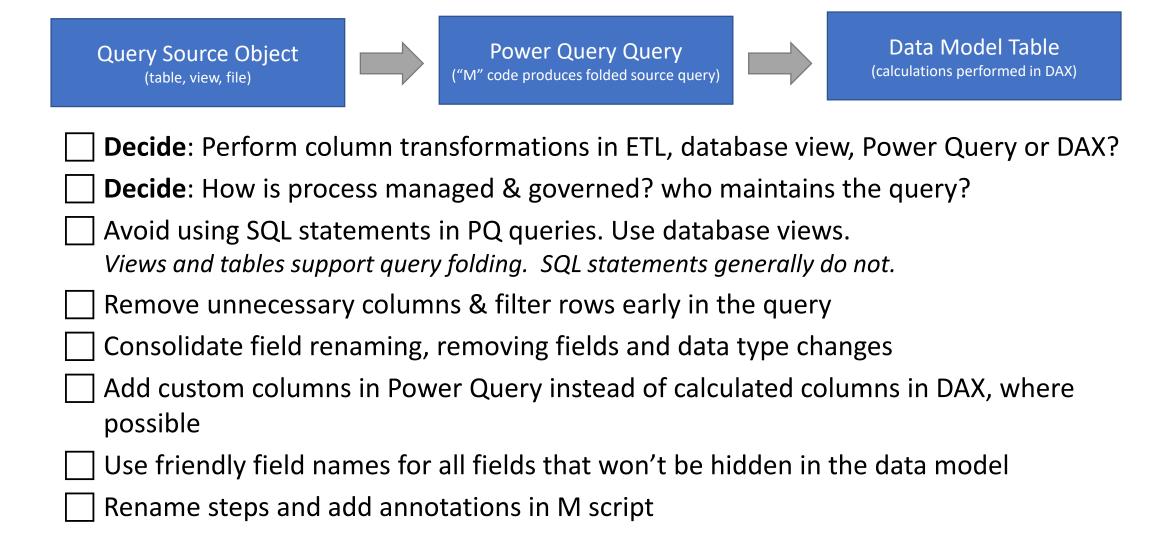
Statistical & Scientific analysis

- Deviations & percentiles
- Forecast trends & predictions
- Scatter plots
- Population analysis

Financial balances & worksheets

- Cost accounting & balance sheets
- General ledger
- Accounts receivable & payable
- Invoices
- Forms & lists

Checklist: Query Optimization

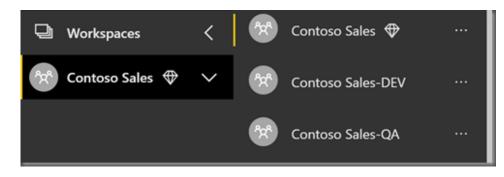


Workspace and App Management

For a formal project, create the following workspaces:

- DEV Workspace Only development team members need Contributor access to this workspace. This workspace does not need to have Premium capacity; unless, developers need to unit test incremental refresh or other Premium features.

 OA Workspace All testers must have View access for testing and
- QA Workspace All testers must have View access for testing and Contributor access for report authoring. Should be in Premium capacity to test incremental refresh.
 - PROD Workspace Omit the "PROD" designation in the name. This workspace will be the name of the published app that users will see in their Apps, Home and Favorite pages so use a name that is simple and sensible. Must have Premium capacity to share the app with non-Pro licensed users.





Deployment Options:

- PowerShell script may be used to publish datasets and reports, and to change dataset bindings. It is possible to either publish to a
 production workspace or to effectively move assets from one workspace to another. This approach is discussed briefly in the Power Bl Enterprise Deployment Guide. Other approaches are discussed here: Power Bl release management
- OneDrive folder sync for development workspaces (later slide)

Promote Self-service Reporting

Non-governed Data

- Teach & support analyst users to use Power BI to acquire, mashup & model data
- "make mistakes, get messy"
 - Lilly Tomlin, Miss Frizzle
- Deploy to "user" designated workspaces
- User-authored solutions be used to prototype & pattern governed data models

Governed Data

- Separate datasets from reports
- Publish to a secured & managed workspace
- Promote & Certify datasets
- Use dataflows for standardized common data models
- Enable users to connect to published datasets & create their own reports



- Power BI services offers the most complete feature set
- osoft's priority & strategic direction is the cloud To The Cloud Cloud Cloud Cloud Cloud To The Cloud Cl
 - On-pr can support in-house storage compliance
 - Cloud ave sion prevents some customers from using the Power 'service

Storage Mode: Import vs DirectQuery

- Power BI 99 % Import Import data Into I
- · Uses columna 1 % DQ or Composite
- Highest performante

- DirectQuery doesn't copy data into model
- Usually slower & restrictive
- Hybrid/composite models enable both modes... drill to real-time data

Implicit vs Explicit Measures

- "Implicit measure": Numeric columns can be aggregated using default summarization
- Explicitly-defined measures provides single, consistent method for all calculation
- Implicit measures are not supporte by many client tools such as Excel
- Explicit measures provide more caulation flexibility

Warning: Explicit
Measures

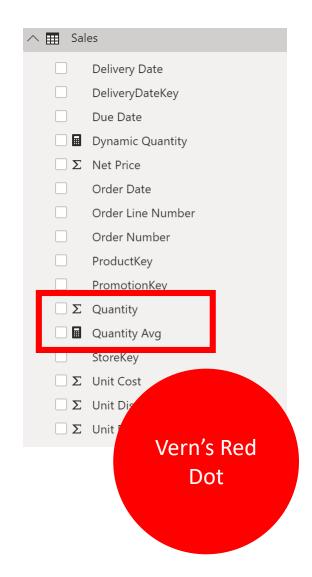
Implicit and Explicit Measure Guidelines

Implicit measure

= numeric field with default summarization

Explicit measure

- = Defined using DAX expression
- Implicit measures are typically OK in informal projects
- Measures should be explicitly defined in formal data models
- Implicit measures don't work in some client tools



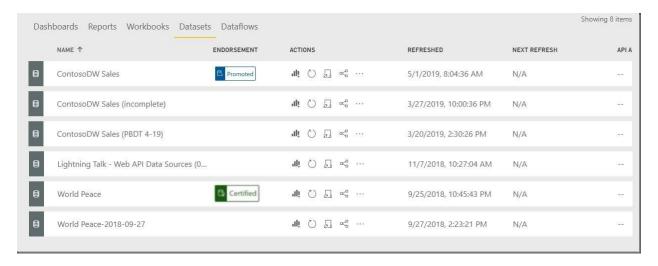


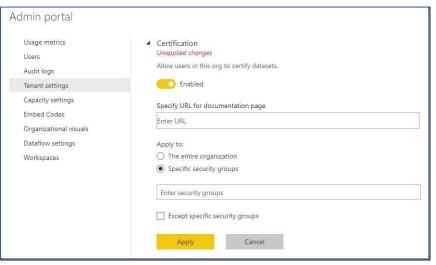
- Shared capacity typically supports 8-10 concurrent users

 On The Smath
- Dedicated capacity man be scaled to support hundreds of concurrent users
- Many enterprise-scale catures regrete Premium licensing
- Monthly licens break-even cost: 500 users

Certified & Shared Datasets

- Use Dataset endorsement
 & certification in the
 service
- Certification can be managed by security group
- Access to datasets can be restricted to certified datasets
- Organization defines certification policy & provides documentation





Enterprise Scale Options

In many ways, Power BI has now surpassed the capabilities of SQL Server Analysis Services. Microsoft are investing in the enterprise capabilities of the Power BI platform by enhancing Power BI Premium Capacity, adding Paginated Report and features to support massive scale specialized use cases. Consider the present and planned capabilities of the Power BI platform; before, choosing another data modeling tool such as SSAS.

Resources:

Power BI Licensing Plan Checklist

Capacity and platform:	On-premises server:		
Shared capacity service:	☐ SQL Server Enterprise + SA, or:☐ Premium licenseAssign user licenses and access:		
<u> </u>			
Assign user licenses Dedicated capacity:			
Are Premium features required?	Assign Pro licenses to all developers, admins and report author users		
Is dedicated capacity needed? Is Premium more cost-effective than licensing all	☐ If Premium, use app deployment & assign Free licenses to all users		
users?	Assign membership and access to workspaces		

Managing Power BI Desktop Files

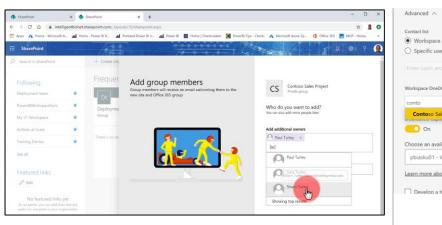
- Store in a centrally managed network-assessable folder
 The storage folder should support automatic backup and recovery in the case of storage loss.
- Report and dataset developers must open files from the Windows file system
 - Files must either reside in or be synchronized with the Windows file system.
- Files containing imported data typically range in size from 100 to 600 MB. Any shared folder synchronization or disaster recovery system should be designed to effectively handle multiple files of this size.

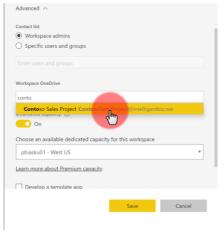
Options:

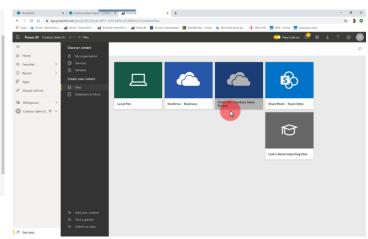
- OneDrive For Business (shared by team, with folder synchronization).
- SharePoint or SharePoint Online (with folder synchronization).
- GitHub and/or VSTS with local repository & folder synchronization. If used, Git must be configured for large file storage (LFS) if PBIX files are to be stored in the repository.

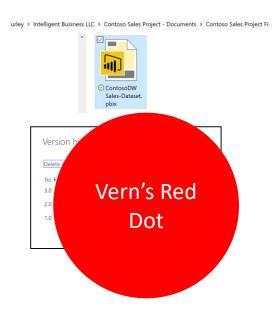
Folder & Workspace Synchronization

- 1. Create team site in Office 365, add developers
- 2. Create development folder in team site & synchronize with desktop
- 3. Create workspace(s) & set OneDrive group
- 4. Add PBIX files to workspace using Get Data from team OneDrive folder
- 5. Edit & save PBIX files. Deployment is automatic.









File & Workspace Management Checklist

Create storage locations and folder structure for
Development file management:
Development file storage
☐ Team member collaboration environment & processes
Folder synchronization
Define File naming standards
Decide on dataset and report names
Define the Version Control & Lifecycle Management:
Postfix files with 3-part version number
Remove version number from published files in QA and PROD
Create Version History table in Power Query
☐ Increment version numbers in data model
☐ Backup PBIT files for archive
Create measures: Last Refresh Date/Time
Create measure: Current Version
Add data model info page to report

Decide on Workspace and App Management, workspace & app name, etc.:		
	Create PROD workspace (omit PRD from name), assign dedicated capacity if available.	
	Create QA workspace (post-fix name with QA), assign dedicated capacity	
	(optionally) Create DEV workspace (postfix name with DEV), dedicated capacity not required (or combine with QA workspace).	

Model Design Guidelines

- Dimensional design concepts haven't changed in 20 years & are as true as ever
- Dimensional modeling "rules" should be followed but can be relaxed for Power BI in certain cases, such as:
 - Leaving some dimensional attributes in fact tables
 - Use natural keys rather than generating surrogate keys
- The art of dimensional modeling ranges from simple to complex. Start with the basics.
- Flattened "spreadsheet" models are OK for small, informal projects but have significant limitations
- As models grow in size & complexity, data quality challenges will surface that can be solved by implementing proper governance controls

Model Design Checklist

Model for the user experience, not for developers	for maintainability.
Build star schemas Wherever possible, reshape data into fact a dimension tables with single key, one-to-many relationships from dimensions to fact. Enforce dimension key uniqueness	Annotate code Use in-line comments and annotations in all code including SQL, M and DAX; to explain calculation logic and provide author and revision information.
Just because a key value "should" be unique, there is no guarantee that it will be unless enforced at the data source. Perform grouping and duplicate reduction in the data source views or Power Query queries to guarantee uniqueness. Duplicate record count checks and other mechanisms can be applied to audit source data for integrity but do not allow the data model to violate these rules.	 ☐ Remove all unused fields – if in doubt, take it out ☐ Hide all fields not used directly by users primary and foreign key columns, numeric columns used to create measures, and columns used to specify the sort order of other fields. ☐ Use friendly field names
Avoid bi-directional filters & unnecessary bridging tables These data modelling patterns adversely affect performance.	Rename all visible columns (in Power Query) to short but user-friendly names with mixed case and spaces.
Consider using DAX measures rather than complex & inefficient relationships	Set to <u>Do Not Summarize</u> Any non-hidden numeric columns that are not intended to roll-up
Create custom columns in Power Query Rather than DAX calculated columns wherever possible for row- level derived columns. This maintains a consistent design pattern	or summarize values. Columns set to summarize are indicated with a Sigma icon.

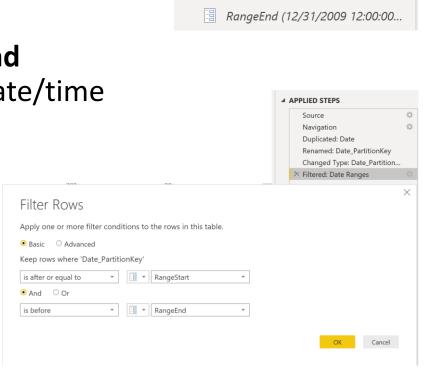
Managing Dataset Size with Parameters

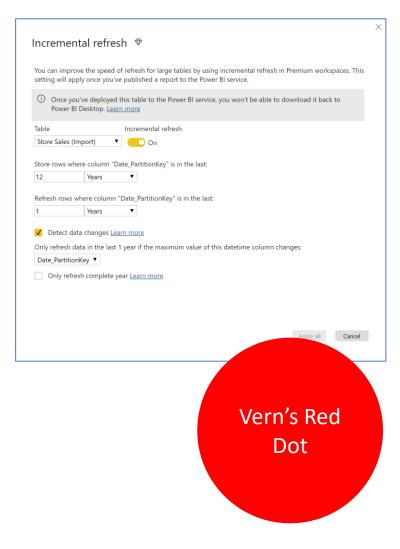
▲ Parameters [3]

ModelVersion (1.0.0.1)

RangeStart (1/1/2009 12:00:00 AM)

- Use parameters whether implementing incremental refresh or not
- RangeStart & RangeEnd
 parameters must be date/time
 type
- Apply range filter on date/time column in Power Query





*Incremental Refresh is a Premium feature

Training & Usability Support Plan Checklist

Training Guidelines:

For general best practice training, don't reinvent the wheel. There are many good books and training programs available that took several years to develop. Best practices continue to evolve quickly.

Promote and teach "your way" within your organization. Don't just turn users loose with the tools and expect them to make good decisions.

Training and Usability Support:

•	1 1	0 1	
Usabilit	y training for read-only re	eport/app users	
Self-ser	vice reporting for Novice	Report Authors & Data Anal	ysts
☐ Training	for advanced analysts &	developers	
Choose or dev	elop training platform	& curriculum:	
☐ Third-pa	arty training courses for d	leveloper orientation	
Use inte	ernal training & support to	o direct users to your solutio	n
Teach u	sers to use governed data	asets, standard or self-servic	e reports

Develop & Document Support & training plan for users:

Master Project Preparation Checklist

Solution Audience:	insist o management development and maintenance through integrated source control	Remove version number from published files in QA and PROD	source data into conformed dimension & fact tables
Categorize the solution by identifying the author & user roles related to the project:		☐ Create Version History table in Power Query ☐ Increment version numbers in data model	Create views in database for each dimension and
Author role: Business Data Analyst	Identify the Project Type & related Solution Architecture:	Backup PBIT files for archive Create measures: Last Refresh Date/Time	fact Enforce key uniqueness to remove all duplicate
Author role: Skilled Data Modeler, Analyst, Data Scientist	Project type: Formal project Project type: Informal project	Create measure: Current Version	keys from all dimension tables Query Date dim/lookup table at source if it exists
Author role: IT BI Developer	Project type: Hybrid project	Add data model info page to report Decide on Workspace and App Management,	If not available, generate Date dim/lookup table
Users' role: Report/Dashboard Consumer	Architectural approach: Single PBIXArchitectural approach: Separate dataset	workspace & app name, etc.:	in Power Query
Users' role: Self-service Report Author	and report PBIX Architectural approach: Report PBIX	 Create PROD workspace (omit PRD from name), assign dedicated capacity if available. 	Data modeling:
Users' role: Advanced Data Analyst	connected to SSAS or AAS	Create QA workspace (post-fix name with QA), assign dedicated capacity	Build star schemas
Training and Usability Support: Develop & Document Support & training plan for	Understand DirectQuery model trade-offs and special use cases. Avoid if possible.	(optionally) Create DEV workspace (postfix name with DEV), dedicated capacity not	Enforce dimension key uniqueness
users: Usability training for read-only report/app	 Define your Release Management, DevOps & Automation strategy (if any – Might be OK to 	required (or combine with QA workspace).	 Avoid bi-directional filters & unnecessary bridging tables
users Self-service reporting for Novice Report	deploy files manuall, to automate or not to automate)	Assign licenses and access:	Consider using DAX measures rather than complex & inefficient relationships
Authors & Data Analysts Solution Type & Architecture:	File & Workspace Management:	Assign Pro licenses to all developers, admins and	Create custom columns in Power Query
Identify the Solution Type for the project. This	Create storage locations and folder structure for Development file management:	report author users (QA?) Assign Free licenses to all users if Premium/app	☐ Annotate code
will guide other project management designs:	☐ Development file storage	deployment will be used	Hide all fields not used directly by users
Design single PBIX file for small group, departmental project authored by one developer	Team member collaboration environment & processes	Assign membership and access to workspaces	Use friendly field names
for a limited group of users Design & deploy a separate dataset PBIX file —	Folder synchronization	Query Design: Create fact date range filter parameters:	Set to Do Not Summarize
from report file(s) – when the dataset should be branded as a Certified dataset	☐ Define File naming standards	RangeStart & RangeEnd to reduce volume in PBIX file under 400 MB.	
Design separate dataset and report PBIX files for formal projects with more than one dataset &		Filter large fact tables with range filters, consider	
report developer, to coordinate work	Define the Version Control & Lifecycle Management:	incremental refresh policies if slow and/or over 800 MB compressed.	
Use SSAS/AAS as a data modeling option when those databases exist or where IT operations	Postfix files with 3-part version number	Design source queries (T-SQL?) to reshape	