# Continuous Improvement Toolkit

**Attribute Analysis** 

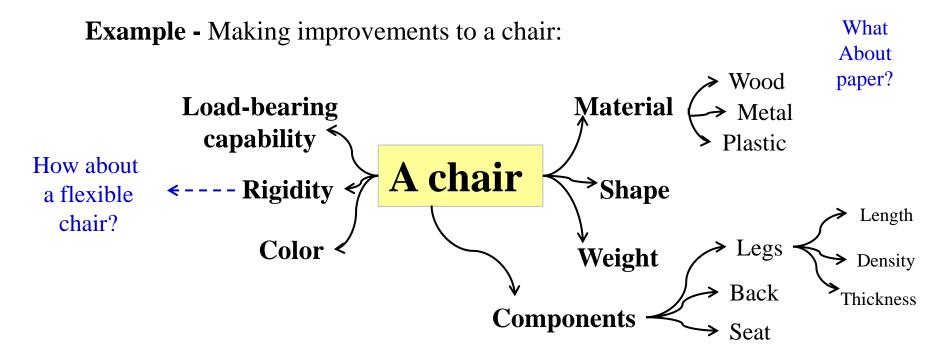
Managing **Deciding & Selecting Planning & Project Management\* Pros and Cons PDPC** Risk Importance-Urgency Mapping RACI Matrix Stakeholders Analysis Break-even Analysis **RAID Logs FMEA** Cost -Benefit Analysis **PEST** PERT/CPM **Activity Diagram** Force Field Analysis Fault Tree Analysis **SWOT** Voting Project Charter Roadmaps **Pugh Matrix Gantt Chart** Risk Assessment\* Decision Tree **TPN Analysis PDCA Control Planning** Matrix Diagram Gap Analysis **OFD** Traffic Light Assessment Kaizen **Prioritization Matrix** Hoshin Kanri Kano Analysis How-How Diagram **KPIs** Lean Measures Paired Comparison Tree Diagram\*\* Critical-to Tree Standard work **Identifying &** Capability Indices **OEE** Pareto Analysis Cause & Effect Matrix Simulation TPM**Implementing** RTY Descriptive Statistics **MSA** Confidence Intervals Understanding Mistake Proofing Solutions\*\*\* Cost of Quality Cause & Effect Probability Distributions ANOVA **Pull Systems** JIT **Ergonomics Design of Experiments** Reliability Analysis Graphical Analysis Hypothesis Testing Work Balancing Automation Regression Bottleneck Analysis Visual Management Scatter Plot Correlation **Understanding Run Charts** Multi-Vari Charts Flow Performance 5 Whys Chi-Square Test 5S **Control Charts** Value Analysis Relations Mapping\* Benchmarking Fishbone Diagram **SMED** Wastes Analysis Sampling **TRIZ**\*\*\* Process Redesign Brainstorming Focus groups Time Value Map **Interviews** Analogy SCAMPER\*\*\* IDEF0 Photography Nominal Group Technique SIPOC Mind Mapping\* Value Stream Mapping **Check Sheets Attribute Analysis** Flow Process Chart Process Mapping **Affinity Diagram Measles Charts** Surveys **Visioning Flowcharting** Service Blueprints Lateral Thinking **Data** Critical Incident Technique Collection **Designing & Analyzing Processes Creating Ideas\*\* Observations** 

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- □ The process of breaking down a problem, idea, or thing into attributes or component parts.
- □ Thinking about the attributes rather than the thing itself.
- □ Then simply asks: **How the attributes can be varied?**
- □ A simple formula that can lead to amazing inventions.



■ **Breakdown tree** can be used to help in decomposition and investigation of attributes.



### **■** Next, focus on each specific attribute. Ask:

- Why does it has to be this way?
- What can I substitute?
- What can be combined?
- What can I eliminate?
- Can I add to it?
- Can I modify it in some fashion?
- Can I put it to some other use?
- Can the parts be rearranged?
- What is the reverse of this?



- □ Used also in **Services Industries**:
  - Service processes have cost and lead times.
  - Deliveries have timescales and reliability.
  - Customers have satisfaction and loyalty.
  - Education has learning outcomes, research and community contribution.
  - Healthcare ...
  - Governmental agencies ...

