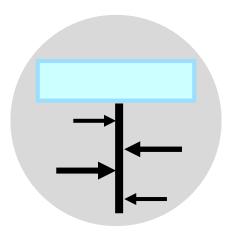
#### **Continuous Improvement Toolkit**

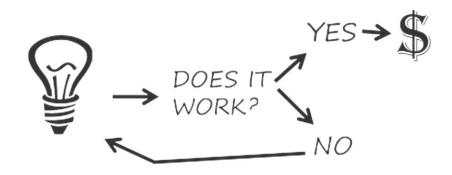
#### **Force Field Analysis**



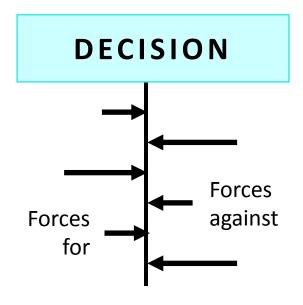
#### **The Continuous Improvement Map**

Selecting & Decision Making Managing Planning & Project Management\* Risk **PDPC** Importance Urgency Matrix Break-even Analysis Daily Planning PERT/CPM **RAID Log\*** Quality Function Deployment Cost Benefit Analysis **FMEA** MOST RACI Matrix **Activity Networks** Payoff Matrix Delphi Method **TPN Analysis** Risk Analysis\* **SWOT Analysis** Stakeholder Analysis **Decision Tree** Pick Chart Voting Four Field Matrix Fault Tree Analysis **Project Charter** Improvement Roadmaps Critical-to X Force Field Analysis Portfolio Matrix Traffic Light Assessment PDCA Policy Deployment Gantt Charts Kano Decision Balance Sheet Paired Comparison Lean Measures OFF **DMAIC** Kaizen Events Control Planning **Prioritization Matrix** Pugh Matrix Cost of Quality\* Standard Work Document control A3 Thinking Process Yield Pareto Analysis Matrix Diagram **Project KPIs KPIs Best Practices Implementing Understanding** Capability Indices Chi-Square Nonparametric **Descriptive Statistics** Solutions\*\*\* TPM Automation Cause & Effect Gap Analysis\* Probability Distributions Hypothesis Mistake Proofing Health & Safety **ANOVA** DOE **Bottleneck Analysis Histograms** Normal Distribution Multivariate Simulation Just in Time 5S Multi-vari Studies Reliability MSA Scatter Plots **Graphical Methods** Quick Changeover Visual Management Correlation Regression **Understanding Run Charts** 5 Whys Root Cause Analysis Data Mining Product Family Matrix Flow Pull Performance\*\* SIPOC\* Spaghetti\*\* Process Redesign **Control Charts** Fishbone Diagrams Relations Mapping Benchmarking\*\*\* Waste Analysis\*\* Value Stream Mapping\*\* How-How Diagram\*\*\* Data collection planner\* Sampling Tree Diagram\* Brainstorming SCAMPER\*\*\* Attribute Analysis Value Analysis\*\* **Process Mapping** Check Sheets\*\* Interviews Flow Process Charts\*\* Time Value Map\*\* Affinity Diagrams Morphological Analysis Questionnaires **Focus Groups** Data Mind Mapping\* Lateral Thinking Flowcharting IDEF0 Service Blueprints Observations Collection Group Creativity **Designing & Analyzing Processes** Suggestion Systems Five Ws

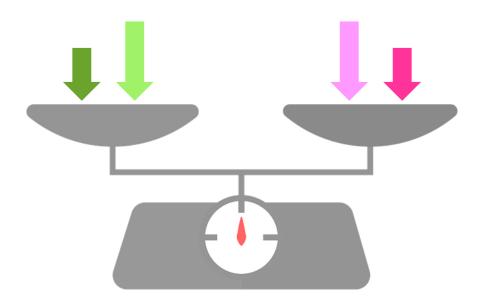
A decision making technique that can be used to analyze the Pros and Cons of any decision



It looks at the **forces** that are either driving or blocking movement toward a **goal** 



Better decisions are made by **weighing up** the pros and cons, then determining the force that will win!



This technique is **widely used** in the fields of:

Organizational change and development

Business process management Social and cultural sciences



#### Uses...

To analyze the pros and cons of any organizational decision

When decision making isn't going well

To explain the reasons behind the taken decision



#### **Benefits**

By analyzing both the helping and the hindering forces, decision makers can make more intelligent business decisions in a team-oriented manner

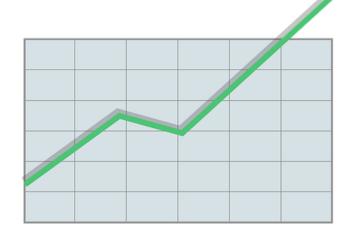




#### **Examples of Uses**

Deciding whether to move ahead with a **change** proposal or not

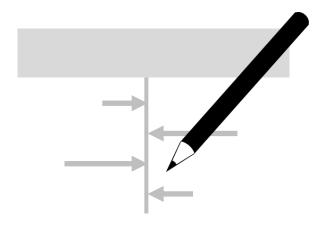
Deciding whether to **employ** an internal or an external consultant



#### **How to Construct a Force Field Diagram**

Gather the team. Involve experts where appropriate

Describe the decision that needs to be made



How to Construct a Force Field Diagram

Write the **decision** in a box at the top middle of a paper or white board



How to Construct a Force Field Diagram

Draw a line from the box down the middle of the paper

**DECISION** 

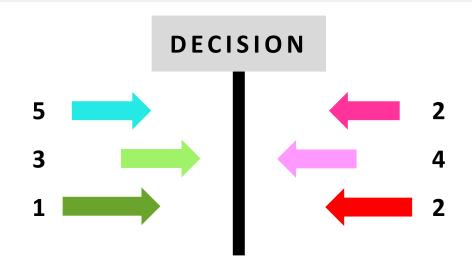
#### How to Construct a Force Field Diagram

List all possible **helping forces** left to the line List all possible **hindering forces** right to the line

Each argument or force could be shown in an arrow

**How to Construct a Force Field Diagram** 

Allocate a **numerical score** to each force indicating its significance (e.g. from 1 to 5)



How to Construct a Force Field Diagram

Add up the scores of both lists to find out which force wins

Actions should be taken where forces are greater

9

#### Questions to Help Identify the Forces Involved

What are the **benefits**?

What are the costs?

What is the **best** or **worst** thing that could?

How easy or difficult will it be to **implement**?

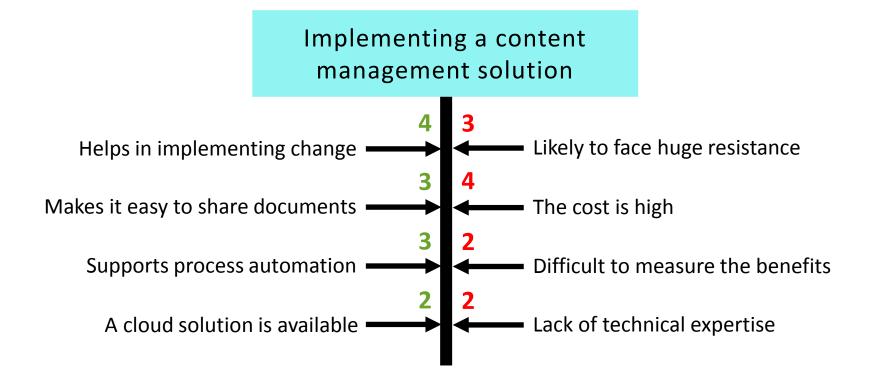
How **long** it will take?

How could it fail?

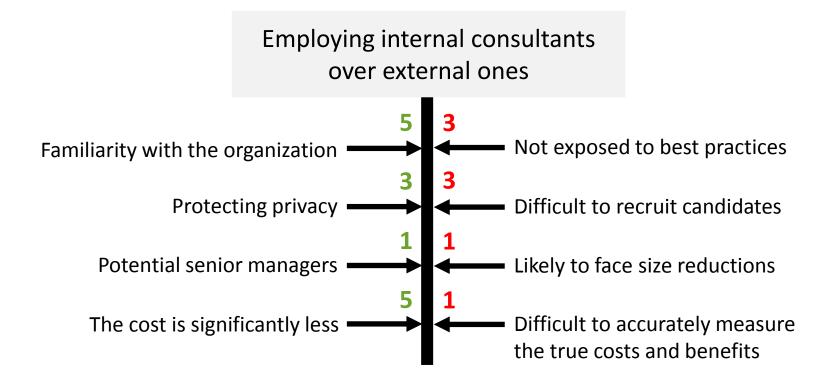
What must we do to make it work?



Example – Implementing a content management solution



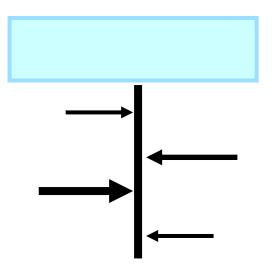
**Example** – Employing an internal over an external consultant



#### **Further Information**

It's important to identify as many of the factors as possible

The length or thickness of each arrow may indicate the weight of the force



#### **Further Information**

Care should be taken for factors relating to environment, health and safety

