Continuous Improvement Toolkit

RACI Matrix



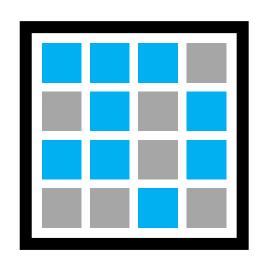
The Continuous Improvement Map

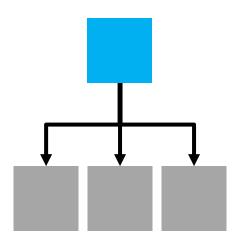
Selecting & Decision Making Managing Planning & Project Management* Risk **PDPC** Importance Urgency Matrix Break-even Analysis Daily Planning PERT/CPM Quality Function Deployment Cost Benefit Analysis RAID Log* MOST RACI Matrix **FMEA Activity Networks** Payoff Matrix Delphi Method **TPN Analysis** Risk Analysis* **SWOT Analysis** Stakeholder Analysis Pick Chart Voting Decision Tree Four Field Matrix Fault Tree Analysis **Project Charter** Improvement Roadmaps Force Field Analysis Portfolio Matrix Critical-to X Traffic Light Assessment PDCA Policy Deployment Gantt Charts Kano Decision Balance Sheet Paired Comparison Lean Measures OFF **DMAIC** Kaizen Events Control Planning **Prioritization Matrix** Pugh Matrix Cost of Quality* Standard Work Document control A3 Thinking **Process Yield** Pareto Analysis Matrix Diagram **Project KPIs KPIs Best Practices Implementing Understanding** Capability Indices TPM Automation Solutions*** Chi-Square Nonparametric **Descriptive Statistics** Cause & Effect Gap Analysis* Probability Distributions Hypothesis Mistake Proofing Health & Safety **ANOVA** DOE **Bottleneck Analysis** Multivariate **Histograms** Normal Distribution 5S Multi-vari Studies Simulation Just in Time Reliability MSA Scatter Plots **Graphical Methods** Quick Changeover Visual Management Correlation Regression **Understanding Run Charts** 5 Whys Root Cause Analysis Data Mining Product Family Matrix Flow Pull Performance** SIPOC* Spaghetti** Process Redesign **Control Charts** Fishbone Diagrams Relations Mapping Benchmarking*** Waste Analysis** Value Stream Mapping** How-How Diagram*** Data collection planner* Sampling Tree Diagram* Brainstorming SCAMPER*** Attribute Analysis Value Analysis** **Process Mapping** Check Sheets** Interviews Flow Process Charts** Time Value Map** Affinity Diagrams Morphological Analysis Questionnaires **Focus Groups** Data Mind Mapping* Lateral Thinking Flowcharting IDEF0 Service Blueprints Observations Collection Group Creativity **Designing & Analyzing Processes** Suggestion Systems Five Ws

There are many ways to clarify the **roles & responsibilities** within a project, business process, or change initiative



Some prefer to use a **hierarchical** structure while others prefer to use a **matrix-style** format such as the RACI matrix





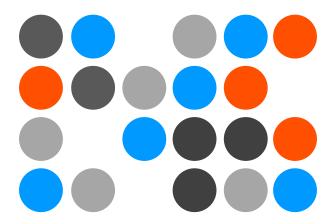
RACI is an example of a RAM (Responsibility Assignment Matrix)

An effective way to define the roles and responsibilities of various stakeholders towards achieving a **common goal**



A type of stakeholder analysis

A matrix-based organization tool that shows how resources are **assigned** to different project and process activities



Describes the **participation** of the various roles in completing the required activities and deliverables

When several people work on a particular project, it is easy to assume that someone else is taking care of a task or assignment

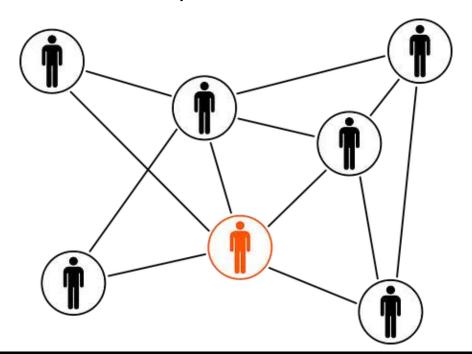
I thought she was working on it



I didn't know I was supposed to do it

You may hear many **arguments** which may lead to poor team communication and inefficient operation

The goal is to ensure people have a clear understanding of their responsibilities to **avoid** miscommunication, duplication, confusion, and wasted time



For example, when **consultation** is required before taking a particular decision, **consulted** stakeholders should be approached



Benefits

Provides a clear view of what is expected from each stakeholder and how to communicate with each.

Helps identifying who should be approached at any given situation.

Reveals issues such as too many responsible persons and not enough communication.

Serves as the guiding document that every stakeholder will refer to when needed.

Helps avoiding the "too many cooks in the kitchen" situation.

RACI is an acronym for the four major **participation types** that stakeholders might play in any project, process or change situation





RACI answers . . .

Who is **responsible**?

Who is **accountable**?

Are there stakeholders who can be consulted about the activities?

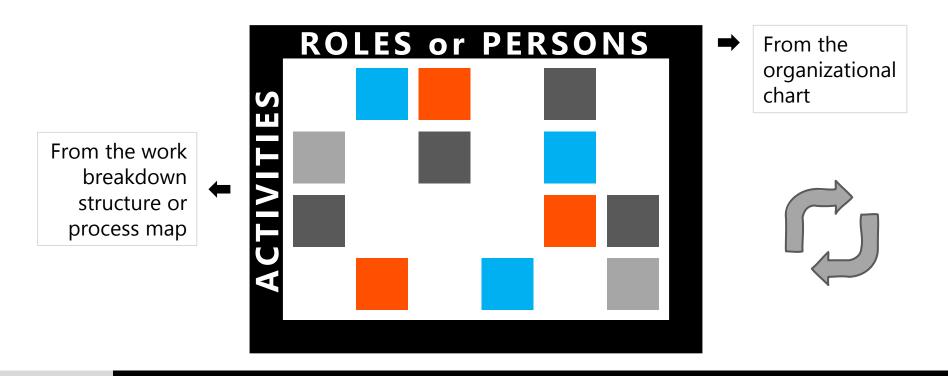
Are there stakeholders needs to be **informed** about the activities?

Is there a stakeholder who has too much responsibility?

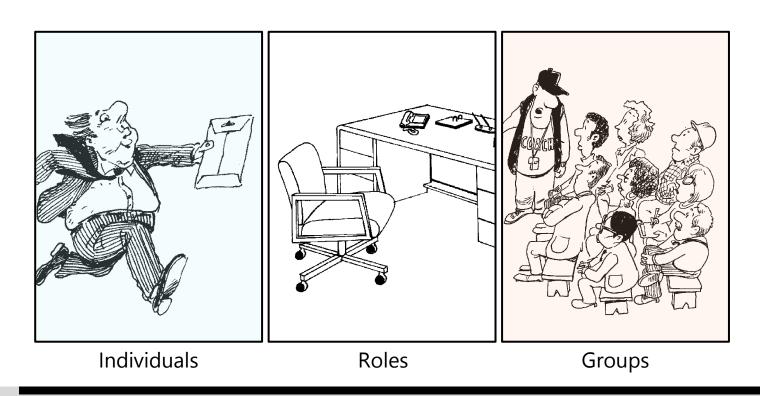
Each key activity in a project or process should be **analyzed** to determine the participation each stakeholder is expected to have



The **roles** or persons are plotted along the top of the matrix while the **set of activities** are plotted along the left side of the matrix



The horizontal axis or top row represents the **assigned resources**, which can be shown as individuals, roles or groups



The Four Major Participation Types

Responsible

The actual doer

Accountable

Sign off work

Consulted

Can tell more

Informed

Kept in the picture

Responsible

Refers to the role or person who should actively participate to accomplish a particular activity

This is the role who owns the activity and actually doing the work

There can be more than one Responsible doing each activity, but there should be at least one

The number of Responsibles depends on the activity.

More Responsibles are assigned when the activity needs

more support and assistance



Accountable

Refers to the role or person who should ensure that the work is completed on time, within budget, and within the required quality standards

He/she may be the direct manager of the responsible or may be the same responsible person when the team is small

There can be only one Accountable for each activity, and he or she should be the final approving authority

It is also important that few accountable stakeholders exist on the RACI matrix to avoid confusion over where the authority resides



Consulted

Refers to the roles or persons who can provide valuable information and guidance to complete the work

They have the knowledge, skills and experience that are needed to complete the work

Their opinion should be taken into account before decision making

However, they should not have the authority to change the work unless explicitly given to them



Onformed

Informed refers to anyone who should be notified of a decision or result when the work is completed

Their work depends on the activity and might be affected by the changes in some way

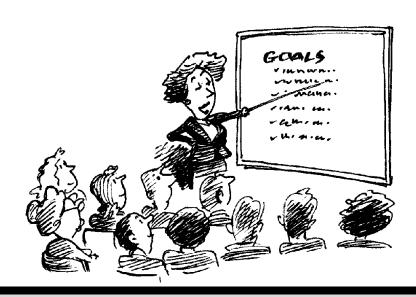
They has no control over how the work is implemented & don't need to take part in the decision-making process

Keeping them informed is a good way to get their attention and support



How to Create a RACI Matrix

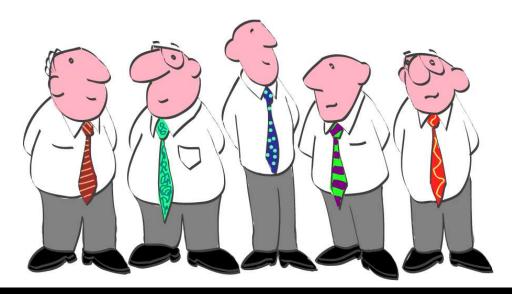
With your team, clearly explain the **purpose** for creating the RACI matrix



How to Create a RACI Matrix

Identify the **stakeholders** who need to be involved and the main **activities** that need to be performed

Decide on how you are going to represent the stakeholders (individuals, roles or groups)



How to Create a RACI Matrix

Use a flipchart or whiteboard to construct a two-dimensional matrix

Enter the activities in the left column and the roles or persons in the top row of the matrix

	Role 1	Role 2	Role 3
Activity 1			
Activity 2			
Activity 3			

How to Create a RACI Matrix

Remember, the assigned resources can be listed as roles, groups or individuals

	Role 1	Role 2	Role 3
Activity 1			
Activity 2			
Activity 3			

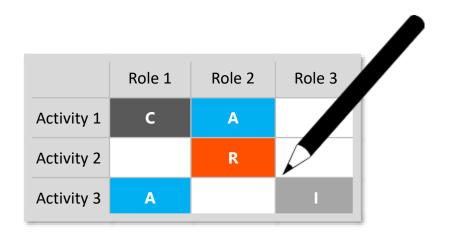
	Team 1	Team 2	Team 3
Activity 1			
Activity 2			
Activity 3			

	Person 1	Person 2	Person 3
Activity 1			
Activity 2			
Activity 3			

How to Create a RACI Matrix

For each activity, **identify** the Responsible, Accountable, Consulted and Informed

Place the appropriate character (R,A,C, or I) at the intersecting cell of the matrix Ensure that there is an accountable and responsible person for each activity



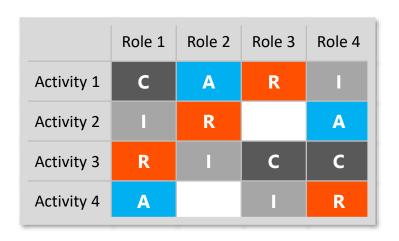
How to Create a RACI Matrix

Discuss the RACI matrix with the key stakeholders to verify accuracy

Use the RACI matrix as a guiding document throughout the project's lifetime

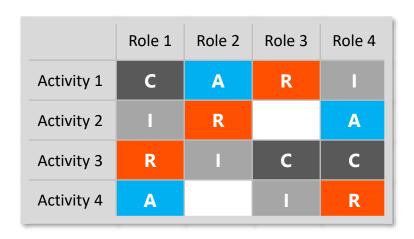
	Role 1	Role 2	Role 3
Activity 1	С	Α	
Activity 2		R	
Activity 3	A		1

The rows and columns of the matrix can be **swapped** so that the rows become the columns, and vice versa



	Activity 1	Activity 2	Activity 3	Activity 4
Role 1	С	1	R	Α
Role 2	Α	R	1	
Role 3	R		С	1
Role 4	1	Α	С	R

You can also map the activities with the RACI categories, listing the roles, groups or individuals in the table



	R	Α	С	1
Activity 1	Role 3	Role 2	Role 1	Role 4
Activity 2	Role 2	Role 4		Role 1
Activity 3	Role 1		Roles (3,4)	Role 2
Activity 4	Role 4	Role 1		Role 3

Example – Assigning Individuals to a Project

	Adam	Ali	Emir	Peter	Sara	Nermin
Collect data	Α	1	С	R		1
Analyze data	Α	1		R	С	
Order parts	С	Α	1			R
Install parts	1	Α	R	С		1
Test		Α	R	1		
Document	Α	1	1		С	R

Process Steps

RACI Matrix

Example – Acquiring New Equipment Business Process

			Business unit	IT	Finance	Purchasing	Purchasing committee
	1	Define needs	R	С			A
	2	Technical review	1	R			С
2	3	Complete paperwork	R		С	С	A
school of	4	Acquire equipment	1	1	1	R	Α
LIOCESS	5	Follow-up with the supplier	1	С		R	1
$ec{\mathbf{z}}$	6	Issue payment			R	1	1
	7	Configure and install	1	R			1
	8	Receive and use	R	С			

Example – Assigning Six Sigma Roles and Responsibilities

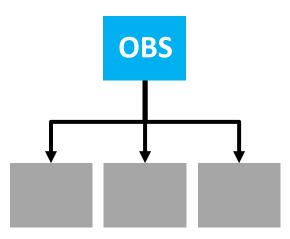
	Executive team	Sponsor	Process owner	Steering committee	MBB	BB/GB
Implement roadmaps	Α		R	1	С	
Identify and select projects	1	A	С	R	1	1
Implement projects		A	С	1	С	R
Track and monitor projects		A	1	R	С	1
Maintain operational gains	1	1	R	A	1	
Monitor overall progress	А		1	R	С	
Coach and mentor	Α		1	С	R	

Example – Assigning Six Sigma Projects

	Sponsor1	Sponsor2	MBB1	MBB2	BB1	BB2	BB3	GB1
Project #3114	А		С	ı	С		R	
Project #3175	А	I	С	С			1	R
Project #3130		Α	С			R		
Project #3034	Α	С	1		R	С		1
Project #3099	Α			С			R	R
Project #3157	1	Α	С	С	R	1		R
Project #3103		Α		С		R		1
Project #3219	С	Α	1		R		С	
Project #3015	Α	1	С	С			R	
Project #3123	Α		С		1	1		R
Project #3208		Α	С	ı	С	R		

Further Information

An **Organizational Breakdown Structure** (OBS) is another way that helps clarify roles and responsibilities



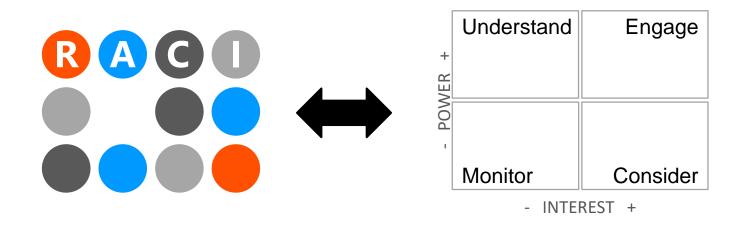
Further Information

It should be dealt with as a **live document** during the project lifetime



Further Information

Can be linked with other project management tools such as the **power/interest matrix**



Further Information

A variation is the RASCI matrix where "S" refers to the **Support** category in terms of providing the necessary resources and other forms of support during the project or process



Further Information

It is recommended that each activity receives **only one** of the RACI categories at most (except in the case of small projects)

